THE WORLD AT LARGE.

nmary of the Daily News

Arran the introduction and disposition of several bills of only local importance on the 19th the Senate took up the Oleomargarine bill. A lengthy debate enused, at the close of which the Senate adjourned without reaching a vots. ... In the House, immediately after reading the journal, the Fortifications Appropriation bill was taken up and passed. After ordering the printing of the report of the Civil Service Commission and astiting the time for consideration of bridge bills, the conference announced its inability to agree upon the bill repealing the Presented on and Timber Culture sets, and after some debate the House took a recess until eight of ciock, the evening session to be for the consideration of business from the Committee on Post-offices and Post-Proads.

Discomargarine bill was passed ite on the 20th, after the adoption an amendment offered by Ingalls reducing the tax from five cents to two cents per pound and also adding the word "knowing-fy" in the section relating to violations of the set. The Sundry Civil bill was taken up and severty-six pages disposed of... In the flouse, Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, compisioned of the attacks of Ingalls in the Senate, which accused him (Hatch) of being personally interested in the passage of the Gleomargarine bill. The House west into committee on the River and Harbor bill amendments. In the ovening a large number of bills for the building of bridges were passed.

The entire time of the Senate on the

list was taken up in discussing the Payne investigation matter....The House adopted Investigation matter....The House adopted the resolution for adjournment on July 25, and then went into Committee of the Whole on the Senate amendments to the River and Harbor bill. The amendments were non-concurred in and a conference asked. Then a struggle arose for priority of consideration between the Inter-State Commerce and the Northern Pacific Forfeiture bills, which was resolved, year, 182; nava, 28, in favor of the content The Benate bill was read at length, the Committee on the state of the Committee on the State of the Strike out after the enacting clause and insert the House bill. The debate on the bill was continued into the evening session, but no final sction was reached.

The Senate on the 22d agreed to the conference report on the Naval Appropria-

conference report on the Naval Appropria tion bill, and then debate was resumed upon the Payne case and Senstor Sherman advo-cated an investigation. Several other Sens-tors spoke. No vote was taken before ad-journment. Little business was transacted in the House. Mr. Hatch reported, as a mai-ter of privilege, the Oleomargarine bill with the Senate amendments, but the Speaker de-clined to entertain it as are grouse. Mr. Hatch reported, as a mat-ter of privilege, the Oleomargarie bill with the Secate amendments, but the Speaker de-clined to entertain it as a privileged report. Several committees reported. The report on the Oleomargarine bill was finally referred to the Committee of the Whole. The House a committee attempted to reach the bill, but djourned without doing so.

adjourned without doing so.

AFTER unimportant business in the Senate on the 23d the Payne matter again came up, and after much talk a vote was reached. The report of Senators Hoar and Frye for a further investigation was rejected by a vote of yeas 15, mays 43. The Teport that there should be no further inquiry was then adopted by 42 to 17. In the evening the Senate further considered the Sundry Civil bill.

After routine business the House went into committee on revenue measures in order to reach the Oiseoward in the Oiseomargarine bill. The bill was finally reached and the Senate amendments affected in by 13 to 55. At the evening seession pension bills were considered.

WASHINGTON NOTES

THE Civil Service Commission has issued in order prohibiting private secretaries of ppointing or nominating officers to act as airman or secretary of a board of exam

HENRY P. HENDERSON, of Michigan, has been nominated by the President as Asso-ciate Justice of the Eupreme Court of

THE House Committee on Naval Affairs bas decided to add as an amendment to ent bill a provision coamite gun boat to the Naval Establish uilding of a dynamite gun b PRESIDENT CLEVELAND participated in the

bi-centennial festivities at Albany, N. Y.

The long pending Weil and L'Abra claims were finally disposed of by the For eign Affairs Committee of the House on the 22d. The resolution with regard to the L'Abra claim would be reported adversely, that is, the committee refused to sanction a reopening of the case. Chairman Belmont would report as to the Weil electrical control of the case. mont would report as to the Well claim that the committee find proof of fraud to be conclusive and recommend that the case

reopened.

The bill to increase the appropriation on a public building at Galveston, Tex. for a public building at Galveston, Tex. to \$250,000 has been reported favorably to

THE EAST.

I Tur steamer Gate City. Captain Hedge, of the Boston and Savannah Steamship line, went ashore on the south side of the island of Nashua in Vineyard sound, Mass., recently. The steamer William D. Brown took off thirty-six of her fifty-two passen-Part of the passen on the Gate City. engers and crew remains

HEXET BICKFORD, aged fifteen, shot hi year-old sister, in Bangor, Me., re-He thought the gun was not

THE Vermont Prohibition State conven-tion has put in nomination a full ticket, with Prof. H. M. Seely at the head for Gov

whiliam Lockwood, the well known yet eran borseman, fell dead the other after moon, in Buffalo, N. Y., of heart disease. The works of the Bradley Fertilizer Company in Pine Island, near Boston, were Company in Pine Island, near Score \$100, burned the other night. Loss over \$100,

100; insurance unknown.
THE Lowell (Mass.) Bleachery Corporation, it is reported, has been depleted by its treasurer, Samuel J. Snelling. The defalcations ranged between \$300,000 and

sylvania Tube Works Compan burgh, employing several hundred ave voluntarily advanced the wages

f their workmen ten per cent. The committee of New York dry goods in freight rates, met recently. Waybills were shown that made the rate from North ss., to Chicago 35 cents per 100, ate on the same goods from New While the rate on the same goods from New York to Chicago is 75 cents per 100. Joun BOYLE O'REILLY said to a Boston

reporter recently: "I regard the treaty as drafted and signed by our Minister in Lonan abominable occurrence, believe the Senate will pass, and treat will relegate the Secretary of prevailed.

advancing prices and a resolution was passed without a dissenting vote ordering the announcement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and continue to receive deposits of all classes. He asserts also that the party did of securities as beretofore until September New York harbor to be advanced to \$3.50 per ton and grate, egg and chestnut to \$3.18, the advance to take effect immediately.

Stepage Brodge, a bootblack immediately.

Stepage Brodge, a bootblack immediately ander the provisions of the arms.

ser ton and grate, egg and chesinut to

\$3.15, the advance to take effect immediately.

Stephen Brookly a bootblack, jumped
from the Brooklyn bridge, a distance of

20 feet, recently. He was 5 and out of the

For 200 miles of the Labrador coast the

J. J. Mason, alias Hall, who appropriated \$\$55,000, money collected in Guatemala for Chaffe Bros. New Orleans, and was arrested in Philadelphia, has been released, as the courts decide they have no jurisdiction.

THE rates to St. Paul and the Northwe

INO a violent thunder storm at St

DURING a violent thunder storm at St. Hilaire, Minn., recently four Indians were killed and ten others injured by lightning. On Thief river, near the reservation, a settler and his wife were also killed by lightning in the same storm.

WILLIAM HARRIGAN is in jail at Detroit, charged with the Knoch quadruple murder. A FARTY of five left Bay City, Mich., in a boat, on a whortleberry expedition, recently. They were all thought to have perished in a violent storm which occurred soon after their departure.

in a violent storm which occurred soon after their departure.

It is reported that T. Broman, a farmer of North Akron, Ind., discovered a cave on his premises recently in which were the petrified bodies of thirteen men.

Etcur thousand head of cattle have died in the Choctaw Nation in the past three months from the effect of the drouth. The whole country is parched and barren.

The California Legislature convened on the 20th in special session.

the 20th in special session. HARRY L. SPRING, known in Illinois as the boy preacher, was adjudged insane in the County Court at Carmi, recently. He was a very precocious youth and had was a very precocious youth and had studied very hard, and this is the cause of

his insanity.
THE Nottingham block, Euclid avenue,

The Nottingham block, Euclid avenue, Cleveland, O., was destroyed by fire recently. Loss, \$108,000; insured.

An unknown fatal disease is reported carrying off the hogs near Vandalia, Ill.

Ar the Crescent mine, near Crooksville, O., the other day, Robert Burton was instantly killed and Edward Harris fatally injured by the presenting syndoxing of a injured by the premature explosion of

RANDALL & DUGAN, machinery manufac-turers of Cincinnati, have made an assign-ment with \$50,000 liabilities and unknown

THE main building of the State Soldier

THE main building of the State Soldiers' Orphans' Home at Kingstown, Ind., was destroyed by fire the other day. No one was injured. Loss, \$90,002.

JOHN WEST'S sawmill and the steamboat Westport, at Westport, Orc., were destroyed by fire recently. Loss \$60,000.

Ix Pine lake, near Laporte, Ind., recently Frank Molloy and Mrs. Rose Stern were drowned, their boat capsizing. Young Molloy was the son of Mrs. Emma Molloy, temperance evangelist, and Mrs. Stern was a daughter of Jacob Wile, of Laporte.

Two boys were badly hurt in Chicago recently by the explosion of a tin box containing dynamite, which they had picked up in an alley. It was supposed the box was an anarchist relic.

was an anarchist relic

was an anarchist relic.

Judge Grassman at Chicago recently confirmed the sale of the Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis Company, known as the "Air Line," which was made June 9 to a committee of bondholders who are to pay \$500.

mittee of bondholders who are to pay soo, 000 for the property.

THE Randall & Dugan Machinery Company, of Cincinnati, have assigned. Lia-bilities estimated at \$50,000. At Leading Creek, Lewis County, W.

Va., recently, a saw mill hand named Bootcher was ripped in two by a buzz saw. Tur free delivery system has been estab-lished at Battle Creek, Mich.

Five trainmen were injured seriously by a collision near Fernwood, O., recently. No passengers were hurt. Joseph Jump was hanged at Gallatin

Mo., on the 23d before an immense crowd for the murder of William C. Gladson, Do-cember 19, 1885. Jump and another man named Smith enticed Gladson along a rail oad track where he was murdered and obbed, his body being thrown into a well. smith was respited recently,

THE SOUTH.

SEVEN men were instantly killed by the collision of a special with the regular train on the Louisville & Nashville railrond,

on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, forty-five miles south of Nashville, Tenn., on the evening of the 20th. Only two passengers were injured.

F. W. Chase, sheriff and tax collector of Concordia Parish, La., is short \$27,000 in his accounts. His bond is good for the

CAPTAIN JAMES R. WILLING, a lending oyster packer, a prominent politician and a member of the Maryland Legislatore from Baltimore, is mysteriously missing. He left Baltimore owing large sums of money, and was thought to be in Canada. Is a fight with horse thieves in Mont gomery County, Ark., recently, J. C. Cook and Austine Gathey were killed. The thieves, seven in number, escaped at dark Great excitement prevails at Judsonia, Ark., over an earthquake which took place a few nights ago, causing a great hody of a few nights ago, causing a great body of land along the side of Little Red river to sink about eight feet. A corn field of forty

cres sank.
A SITTER feeling is said to prevail at At-

Young white "regulators" of Newton County, Miss., are credited with the murder

Jointy, Miss., if three negroes.

Majon W. H. Borrs, Democrat, has been nominated to succeed Hon. Frank Wolford in Congress, for the Eleventh Kentucky district. Sixty-eight ballots were

WHILE washing his face at the house of WHILE Washing his face at the house of George B. Turner, near Harlan Court House, Ky., Alexander Baily was shot and instantly killed by unknown ambushed parties. C. B. Turner was also shot in the arm. The killing is thought to have grown out of the old Turner-Howard feud, which raged so fiercely last fall.

raged so fiercely last fall.

TENNESSEE crops are reported good.

THE Anchor line steamer City of Natches for New Orleans, grounded fifteen miles above New Orleans the other night. A tug with barges was sent to lighten her off.

In attempting to arrest a couple of desperadoes near Morgan City., La., recently one of the sheriff's posse was killed and two others wounded. Next day the desperadoes killed another officer and then took to

the swamps.

Tug terrible drouth in Northwest Texas has brought on an alarming state of af-fairs. The farmers are armed and threaten the stockmen who are endeavoring to pass to the water courses, their cattle famishing

GENERAL.

"I regard the treaty as
is by our Minister in Lonisable document, which I
the ship at Port Royal, Jamaica, recently,

STEPHEN BRODER, a bootblack, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge, a distance of 120 feet, recently. He was 6 and out of the water by the police apparently uninjured. THE Knights of Labor have instituted a boycott against prison marie goods in Massachusetts.

J. J. Blasox, alias Hall, who appropriated \$55,000, money collected in Guatemala for Chaffe Bros. New Orleans, and was arrested in Philadelphia, has been released, as the courts decide they have no jurisdiction.

Genetic declaring Belfast and Londonderry (reland) under the provisions of the arms followed the provisions of the arms for gin the herd of Mr. Hamilton, of Madison County, Tenn. Wants bathing at Long Branch the other day, the waves overpowered Matthew Armold, and he narrowly escaped being favored. He was rescued by a fisherman-fourth for menally the provisions of the arms followed the provisions of the provisions of the provisions of the arms followed the provisions of the arms followed the provisions of the arms followed the provisions of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provision of the provi

DESPENADORS robbed the stage and killed the driver forty miles north of Winnipeg, Man, recently. The booty amounted to

THE captain and officers of the bark Petrel, of New Bedford, Conn., are in jail at Auckland, New Zealand, for cruelty to the

ROTALIST rioters created disturbances at farseilles, France, recently. The military nally charged the mob, wounding temper-

THE Emperor of Germany has presented to the Shah of Persia the valuable works of Frederick the Great. They are printed on parehment and comprise thirty-three

LIEUTENANT HARTUNG, of the Germa army, has been arrested on suspicion o having revealed to a foreign nation th plans of the defenses of Madgeburg.

pians or the careness of Madgeburg.

Cardinal Tascheraty, in the presence of a great crowd of people, and after imposing and solemn ceremonies, at Quebec, recently received the insignia of the Cardinalate.

GLAUSTONE has indirectly advised Par GLAISTONE mas insuring an obstruction policy in the coming Parliament, since in 1880 the tactics pursued by Trish members did to the tactics pursued by Trish the tactics pursued by Irish members did much to throw discredit upon the Irish cause. Parnell replied that he is desirous of following Gladstone's lead, reserving. liberty of action in the event of the Tories trying coercion.

The total value of the imports of mer-chandise during the twelve months ended

The total value of the imports of mer-chandise during the twelve months ended June 30, 1895, was \$635,253,606, and during the preceding twelve months, \$577,527,329, an increase of \$57,726,277. The total val-ues of the exports of merchandise during the twelve months ended June 30, 1896, were \$679,425,971, and during the preceding twelve months \$742,189,755, a decrease of sec 201,753

A STATEMENT is published that a concession for the establishment of the National Bank of the Republic of Honduras has been granted absolutely to a party of American capitalists. The concession, it is stated, gives the incorporators a monopoly on all the banking business of the country.

SEVERE STOTEM with loss of life are reported in France. Lightning destroyed the Dansette spinnery at Armentieres, causing adamses to the

Dansette spinnery at Armentieres, causing a damage to the extent of twelve and one-half million francs. In Paris the heat was excessive and extraordinary sanitary pre-cautions were being taken by the authori-

AT Wimbledon, Eng., on the 21st, the score for the Kolapore cup resulted as fol-lows: England, 606; Canada, 646; Guernsey, 636; Australia, 632, Jersey, 626, and India, 595. The Canadians won the chief prizes in the corporation series. Citizens of Lima, Peru, have resolved to

petition the Government to expel the Jesu-its from the country.

Admiral Laront, of the French navy, recently said: "The French fleet can vie

with the navy of any power. If to morrow the Government should undertake a naval war, I should sail at the bead of my squad-

war, I should sail at the head of my squad-ron without the slightest anxiety, and without doubt of our success, even though war was against Great Britain. General, Ginnons, commanding the de-partment of the Columbia, says there is not the slightest foundation for the re-ports of Indian outrages in the Calispel country.

country.s

The seconds in the Boulanger-DeLareinty duel have jointly written to the Paris
newspapers denying that General Boulanger fired in the air. MEXICAN MINISTER ROMERO considers the

MEXICAN MINISTER ROMERO considers the so-called revolution in Northern Mexico a very small and inconsequential matter.

News has been received at Sonora that Captain Lawton surprised a camp of hostile Indians on the Yaqui river and captured their horses, provisions, etc. The Indians fied. Tun young English Princes, sons of the

The young English Princes, sons of the Prince of Wales, who recently published a book of their ocean travels, have been found to have plagiarized the most elo-quent chapter from Charles Kingsley's "At Last." Business failures for week ended July 22 numbered 184 as compared with 183 the

week previous.

In spite of the repeated assurances given by Mexican officials that no more troops should be sent to Paso del Norte, it was learned late on the 2ld that a train loaded with troops was on its way north from Chihuahua. They were thought to be Chihuahua State and not Mexical Federal

troops. Cutting, the editor, was still in prison,
The jury in the Crawford Dilke divorce case in London brought in a verdict of guilty against Sir Charles Dilke and Mrs. Crawford. The Queen's Proctor, who had "intervened" and brought on the trial was

lemned to pay costs.

THE LATEST THE war feeling was considerably lanta, Ga., owing to the strict enforcement of the prohibition law. The young men of the city have organized an anti-prohibition of the city have organized an anti-prohibition of Cutting the American education of the Cutting t itor, in Mexico. At Paso del Norte Mexi can troops were in strong force, and it was reported that Cutting would not be sur-rendered.

An explosion occurred in the Govern ment magazine near Constantinople re-cently. About forty persons were killed and several wounded. Funnan details of the terrible destitu-

tion on the Labrador and Newfo indland coasts have been received. About eighty persons have died of starvation. CLEARING house returns for week ended

July 24 showed an average increase of 4.1 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York there was a de-

AMERICAN railroad securities were in demand in London during the week ended July 24. The German bourses were firm; the Paris bourse was quiet. HATTIE JOHNSON, a girl living near Oak

and. Ill., was fatally stung by

Madagascar that the loan which that coun managascar that the loan which that country proposes to raise in London is a violation of existing treaties.

THE Senate, on the 24th, passed the Sundry Civil bill. The Naval bill, after unendment, was passed by the House. It is estimated that the grain ruined by he hallstorm of the 24th in Dakota will

aggregate 750,000 bushels, which means a loss of \$450,000. The Simmons hardware building, six stories, St. Louis, collapsed on the night of the 25th. No one was in the store at the

time, the watchman having just left. The cause was supposed to be the over-loading the upper floors. MAURICE CONNELL, one of the Greely do not believe the Senate will pass, and were drowned in a violent storm which time, the watchman having just left. The cause was supposed to be the over-loading formance of his public duty has carned for him."

A CONTERENCE of the managers of coal callway companies held in New York recently resolved unanimously in favor of advancing prices and a resolution was the announcement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and store thick the distribute different in the second of the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and store the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food, also Dr. Pavy and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will himself stole food and the cannouncement that the committee will h

to be vaccinated.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

peculations Concerning the New Ad Intration — The Present Quiescent tade of the Irish—Alleged Rottenne the War Department—An Investig

LONDON, July 22.—The Queen has accepted Gladstone's resignation, as usual, without the slightest hesitation and without even extending to him the usual in-vitation to advise her as to his successor

without the slightest hesitation and without even extending to him the usual invitation to advise her as to his successor. The Marquis of Salisbury will arrive at Osborn, from Royal, in Auvergne, either to-night or to-morrow morning. The Duke of Argyll and Mr. Goschen are the only so-called Liberals who will in any event, take office with the Tories. About the new Cabinet it is almost too early to forecast, but I understand that Wolseley may go to Ireland to take command of the troops. Lord Ashouten is as likely as anybody to be Chief Secretary. Sir Richard Webster will be Attorney-General again. Salisbury's difficulties in forming a cabluet will be necessarily very great, because there are so few able men among the Conservative leaders in the Commons. I have had a conversation with T. P. O'Connor, representing the Irish party, in which he spoke as follows about the future:

"We regard it with perfect equanimity. I would call special attention to the fact that the attitude of journalism of the Irish people is exactly the same in aliparts of the world, namely, one of perfect tranquility, even on the part of the most violent Irish-American organs. Such concurrence of opinion among independent authorities must be accepted as representative of very deep and well founded convictions. Unless there should be a violent outbreak of clime in Ireland, of which there is not the smallest prospect, I am glad to say that six months or a year will probably witness a turn in opinion, which will give Gladstone such majority as will enable him to carry out his purpose. The present election has been disastrous to the Liberal Unionists, the future elections will be more disastrous still. In the first place, the tie between them and the Tories will then be broken down; in the second place, every day proves more conclusively the fact that there is no standing ground between coercion and the Home-Rule scheme which Gladstone proposes; that if Salisbury should introduce a measure of coercion it would be oppoged, as there is not the smal Primrose League. Let me assure you again," said Mr. O'Counnor, "as we have most perfect confidence in the future, we feel most securely that Gladstone's policy is destined to achieve a glorious triumph, perhaps at an earlier date, too, than most people imagine."

THE BRITISH WAR DEPARTMENT. LONDON, July 23 .- The War Office an nounces that, is consequence of an article published in the Times of the 10th inst., published in the Times of the 10th Inst., charging the officials of the Ordnaice Department with corruption, Generals Campbell, Reilly and Alderson, successively chiefs of that department for the past eleven years, demand an inquiry before a competent tribunal, and that Mr. Campbell Bannerman, War Secretary, refused to grant an inquiry, because the charges were vague and were not supported by any statements of facts. "Such a tribunal," the Secretary says, "must be empowered to examine wit-"must be empowered to examine wit ness under oath, and such power can ness unter oath, and such power can only be granted by royal commission or by act of Parliament. In order to secure such a commission, prima-facie evidence is necessary. In this case none has been adduced, and therefore I have no been adduced, and therefore I have no power to institute an inquiry. When charges are made reflecting on the honor of officers and gentlemen belonging to a public department, they onght to be supported by definite statements enabling the test of inquiry to be made. Nothing has occurred to weaken my belief in the integrity of the officers of the department?

ment."

The Times article referred to in the statement of the War Office declared that it had long been manifest that the War Department was incompetent and that now it was said to be openly corrupt. "The department," said the Times, is composed of military men without mechanical, chemical or metallurgical knowledge; of men who are babies in the hands of their subordinates, some of whom are shareholders in a private gunnery company. If England should become involved in war to-morrow she would be compelled to become a suppliant to Krupp to supply means of defending her national existence. Colonel Hope has offered to prove wholessle corruption against the department in supplying guns which burst, rifle cartridges which jam, bayonets which bend, swords which will not cut. Others have offered to prove fraud and perjury against high officials of the department, who are said to carry on quite a thrilling industry in buying con-The Times article referred to in the acparament, who are said to carry on quite a thrilling industry in buying con-demned stores at one depot and selling them to another as new stores. It is a common belief in garrison towns that nothing is salable to the War Office except by bribery. The action of the War Office in refusing to hear evidence is un-iair and evasive. It is to be hoped that the new Parliament will extinguish the scandal and correct this shameful ineffi-

Four New Railroads for Mexico. Boston, July 21.—A City of Mexico special to the Herald says: The reformer ncession granted the Sinaloa & Duras go Railroad Company, a Boston organiza-tion, authorizes the company to con-struct four distinct lines: the first from Culiacan to Altata; the second from Du-rango to Mazatlan, Villa Lerdo and Saltil-lo; the third from Culiacan to Mazatlan and Alamas; the fourth from Durango to some point on the Rio Grande river after some point on the Rio Grande river afte some point on the Rio Grande river after passing through the State Coahuila. Surveys must begin within six months; the plans for the first section of 100 kilometers have to be submitted within eighteen months, and the work must begin within three years. The capital is limited to \$200,000 per kilometre, and the subsidy fixed at \$10,000 per kilometre.

A Chance for Trouble.

PASO DEL NORTE, July 22,-Consu Brigham demanded the release of Editor Cutting Tue-day night, but the Mexican Judge refused to comply. The Consu-telegraphed Minister Jackson at the City of Mexico, who replied that the State Department of Mexico had ordered Cut-Department of Mexico had ordered Cut-ting's unconditional release. The indge refuses to recognize the authority at Mexico and will only release Cutting on orders from the Sopreme Court or the Governor of the State of Chihuahua. Paso del Norte and El Paso are both worked up to fever heat over the affair. Trouble is leared if the matter is not quickly settled.

A Dishonest Collector Arrested.

CHICAGO, July 22.-W. R. Brown, book keeper and city collector for Bramhall, Dean & Co., dealers in steam and heating fixtures at 81 and 83 Market street, was rrested last evening on a charge of embezzlement. A member of the firm said Brown was employed as book-keeper and collector last fall, and when a bill was CLEVELAND AT ALBANY.

The President and Party at the Bi-Centen-nial of Albany's Incorporation—A Cordial Welcome—The President Makes a Short Appech at the Hink in Response to Fer-sistent Calls.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 22 .- The entire populace has to-day given themselves up to celebrating the incorporation of the city two hundred years ago. The first important event this morning was the arrival of President Cleveland. Before six o'clock the Burgess Corps, under command of Major VanZandt, marched to the West Shore depot and waited the coming of the train. Mayor Thatcher and several hundred other citizens were also in waiting. The Mayor, in behalf of the city, welcomed the President and thanked him for coming to join in celebrating the anniversary of Albany's natal day. The President greeted his friends warmly and said it gave him pleasure to be with them again. Secretaries Bayard and Whitney and Private Secretary Lamont, with the President, and the Burgess Corps as an escort, took up their march. The President was driven to the Governor's mansion. Governor Hill received the President's party as his guests.

The exercises at the rink did not begin until 2:15 o'clock, although twelve o'clock was the hour assigned for the beginning. An overture from William Tell by the orchestra, was followed by prayer by Bishop Donne. Governor Hill then delivered the oration of the day, after which Mayor Thatcher attempted to announce the next thing on the programme, but his voice was drowned by cries of "Cleveland!" The President arose, bowed and sat down again in his chair in the center of the platform beside Governor Hill. This did not satisfy the autiliance, and the calls were renewed with added vigor. Finally the President arose, but the content of the platform beside Governor Hill. This did not satisfy the autiliance, and the calls were renewed with added vigor. Finally the President arose, important event this morning was the ar-rival of President Cleveland. Before six

dience, and the calls were renewed with added vigor. Finally the President arose and, advancing to the front of the plat-

added vigor. Finally the President arose and, advancing to the front of the platform, said:

CITIZENS OF ALBANY: I come here to-day as an invited guest to a family rennon. I desire to be inodest and not mingle too freely in the congravulations and celebrations which belong more properly to you. I do not wish to sound a single note of discord, but I have heard so much of the putch, and of this being a Dutch city; so much talk of the olden time and of its customs, that when I remember that I dwelt two years among you I wonder whether I am in the right place or not. At the risk of creating discordance I will say that at that time Dutch was not the language of the town. The people spoke English, and to me words in English of kindness that I will never forzet. I am glad, however have the harden and the secondary of the state of the state in the first year I spent here, and approved by me.

I must not detain you tonger, but I cannot refrant from expressing to you my appreciation of the kindness with which you have received me, or from repeating the homely and old fashioned wish, may the citizens of Albany and their descendants see many happy returns of the day.

The President's remarks were received with applause. When he said a few words. Secretary Whitney also gracefully yielded to a similar demand.

At conclusion of the exercises, President Cleveland, Secretaries Whitney and Bayard and ex-Mayor Banks drove to Secretary Manning's residence where they remained about an hour. They then drove to the Governor's residence where together with Secretary Manning, Lieutenant-Governor Jones, Ruius W. Peckham, Colonel Lamonte and others, they dined with the Governor at 6:30 p. m.

In the evening thousands of Albanians and guests flocked out to Washington park, where an elaborate display of freworks was given.

After dinner at the executive mansion

works was given.

After dinner at the executive mansion the Governor and Presidential party went to the Senate Chamber, where a public reception was held. In front of the Speaker's desk stood the President, Governor Hill and Secretaries Bayard and Whitney Hill and Secretaries Bayard and Whitney and ex-Senator Kernan. They were flanked on either side by gold laced members of the Governor's staff. The chamber was thronged with assemblymen, Senators and citizens. A line was formed, and for more than an hour men, women and children passed by and shook hands with the President, the Governer and secretaries, while musical selections were given by a band in an adjoining room.

THE McCOMAS MURDERER.

heco, the Apache Chief, in Washington-A New Mexican Citizen Tells What He Knows About the Bloodth rsty Villain. Washington, July 22 .- H. H. Carpen ter, of Silver City, N. M., an operator of mining mills, is in Washington. In an interview to-day upon the subject of the visit of the Apaches to this city, he said: "I have no doubt they are all murderers, but the chief of this group, whom you have already denounced, is an unque have already denounced, is an empty of the little and head of the li McComas family, and, beside that, I feel perfectly confident that the evidence can be furnished, if necessary, to convict him of fifty murders. I see that you have spelled his name Chaco. The correct rendition of his name is Checo. rect rendition of his name is Checo. Checo is in the neighborhood of fifty years of age. For nearly twenty-five years he has been the leader of a band of the most desperate outlaws and murderers known in our territory. We have never received any proper protection from the Government. The property interests of New Mexico are to-day languishing on account of the feet that the Angeles have present to-day languishing on account of the fact that the Apaches have never yet been properly controlled or punished. been properly controled or punished.

Crook was an imbecile in his attempt to solve the Indian question. His hobby was the employment of these Apaches as scouts. I understand that this murderer, Checo, has been employed by the military authorities as a scout. There is plenty of evidence to be found in Silver City to consict Checo. McComercia ty of evidence to be found in Silver City to convict Checo. McComas was a lawyer living in Silver City. He had a ranch within fifteen miles of that place. It was while going to this ranch, accompanied by his wife and boy, that he was captured by Cheoo and his crew. There is very clear evidence that Checo murdered McComes with his cown hand, at the McComas with his own hand; at any rate, he was the chief in command."

MILWAUKER, Wis., July 22.-Sanger fest guests continue to arrive on every train. It is estimated that there are train. It is estimated that there are thirty thousand strangers in the city, and double that number is expected for the closing picule on Sunday. The weather continues perfect, and the city is well given over to holiday business. The increase in the members of societies is fully twenty per cent, over any previous fest. The second grand concert took piace this afternoon, and every seat in the great Exposition hall was taken. The musical and financial success of the fest is fully assured. The evening concert was a grand assured. The evening concert was a grand and financial success of the fest is fully assured. The evening concert was a grand

The Lowell Bleachery Steal.

Boston, July 23 .- S. G. Snelling, lat treasurer of the Lowell Bleachery, has made an assignment. His residences in this city and at Nahant both belong to his wife. He has real estate of his own at Neponset, Jamaica Piains, on Parker street, and at the corner of Calvert and Hampshire streets. His embarrassment collected from a city customer the account was only credited with a part of the
parment. Brown's city collections but he claims that as far as he used the
parment to from \$4,000 to \$6,000 s
month. It is thought his accounts show
a shortage of from \$1,000 to \$2,500. IN THE TOILS.

The Grip Gradually Tightens Upon the Chi-cago Bomb-Throwers.
CHICAGO, July 23.—Judge Gary's court room was crowded, as usual, yesterday morning, when M. P. Williamson, formerly

a reporter on the Daily News, was called to the stand. Williamson testified that he knew Parsons, Spies and Fielden, and on the night the new Board of Trade building thew Parsons, Spies and Fielden, and on the night the new Board of Trade building was opened he was detailed to follow the socialistic procession which tramped through the down-town streets. The procession broke up at the office of the Arbeiter Zeitung, and Spies, Fielden and Parsons addressed the crowd from the Arbeiter Zeitung, and Spies, Fielden and Parsons addressed the crowd from the Arbeiter Zeitung office. Parsons was the first speaker. He called the police bloodhounds and servants of the robbing capitalists. He called to the crowd to follow him and attack several clothing houses and help themselves to what he termed the necessaries of life. Fielden said the same thing. He offered to lead the mob in an attack on the stores. "What was said about the new Board of Trade."

"The speakers both said that the building was put up out of money stolen from them; that every one who did business there was a robber and a thief."

Wilness went up stairs into the office. Parsons was asked by a reporter why the socialists did not march upon the Board of Trade and blow it up. He said the police prevented it.

"Well hat reverse and the part of the office."

Trade and blow it up. He said the police prevented it.

"Well, but your party have revolvers. What preparation further do you need?"

"The time has not come yet. When the time does come we will meet the police with dynamite and bombs."

"When did he say time would come?"

"Sometime during the year."

Parsous gave witness a practical illustration of what he meant, and showed him a

"When did he say time would come?"

"Sometime during the year."

Parsous gave witness a practical illustration of what he meant, and showed him a shell and fulminating cap. There was also a quantity of dynamite and a reddish substance. They were kept in a drawer in the cabinet in the office. Parsons called for them. Spies got them. Parsons said these explosives were kept on hand in preparation for the war that was impending. The manner of warfare was to huri the bombs from the house tops, and in that way they could annihilate any force of police or militia that could be assembled. This conversation was with Parsons, Fielden was standing by. On going down stairs witness met Detectives Frehorn and Sullivan, of the Cottage Grove avenue station. The officers went up stairs with the witness, and the statements were repeated to the officers in his presence. Witness had attended meetings at 54 Lake street and heard Parsons and Fielden address crowds. Fielden on one occasion wanted the crowd to follow him to some store and get the necessities of life. Fielden address crowds. Fielden buy dynamite, saying a cents worth of it was worth more than all the guns and revolvers in the Union.

Williamson was severely cross-examined by Captalu Black, but the cross-examination only served to strengthen the testimony he had given. He mentioned by name the stores that Parsons had urged the sacking of.

Witness was again taken in hand by the prosecution and testified that Parsons told him there were 3,000 socialists in the city, that whenever the time came they would be armed with bombs; said they were then drilling in halls in various parts of the city, but would not say where the halls were located; when the time to act came they would be armed with bombs; said they were then drilling in halls in various parts of the city, that whenever the time came they would be armed with bombs; said they were then drilling in halls in various parts of the city, that whenever the time came they would be armed with the same that a state of the pu

ing, but knew nothing of what happened there till some time after. He knew noth-ing of the circular that was put on the streets. Witness also talked with Fischer, streets. Witness also talked with Fischer, who, he said, was at the Arbetter Zeitung office the night of the riot, and with Schwab and Rue brought word that Spies was at the Haymarket, that the big crowd was there and they all wentover. The belt and dagger and the fulminating cap, which Fischer had on when he was arrested, he said he carried for his protection.

Witness further said that Spies told him he left before the bomb was thrown; that Fisher said he was at Zeph's hall at the time.

Fisher said he was at Zeph's hall at the time.

Buck, a mining expert, testified concerning the disastrons effect of the captured dynamite, which had exploded.

Lieutenant Hubbard followed and gave an account of the experience of himself and his company of twenty-eight at the Haymarket. His story differed little from those already given. Of his twenty-eight men secen were injured.

seven were injured.

Jackson, Misa, July 23.—A deplorable state of affairs exists near Union, Newton County, about twenty miles east of here. A band of young white men, styling themselves "The Regulators," have issued a decree that no negro shall work on the farms in that vicinity. The band contains about fifteen members, and they have killed three negroes and wounded several others. A perfect state of terror prevails in the community, and the entire county is greatly excited over the matter. The best people in the community, and in fact every one except members of this band, condenn the atroclous and bloody actions in the most pronounced terms and are determined that every member in it shall be arrested and made to answer for his crimes. JACKSON, Miss., July 23.-A dep

nade to answer for his crimes. Hon. J. M. Kelly was here to-day to see Hon. J. M. Kelly was bere to-day to see the Governor, and wants to arrest every one of the young outlaws at all hazards. About twenty clizens, headed by officers, armed with proper weapons, are now after the young desperadoes, and it is believed will soon effect their capture. It seems when the attempt was first started to regulate the negroes that it was made more in fun than any thing else, but after tasting blood they had undertaken in earnest to execute their bloody design. Their action can hardly be any thing else, but after tasting blood they had undertaken in earnest to execute their bloody design. Their action can hardly be accounted for and is a surprise to every one.

The Dilke Scandal

LONDON, July 23.—Captain Foster being sworn as a witness in the Crawford divorce case yesterday admitted that he had been case yesterday admitted that he had been guilty of adultery with Mrs. Crawford. He said Mrs. Rogerson encouraged his relations with Mrs. Crawford. He once took Mrs. Crawford to a brothel; once quarreled with Sir Charles Dilke and called him a liar, secondrel and coward, because he had secretly attempted to sever the relationship between Mrs. Crawford and the witness. He had also attempted to thrash Sir Charles, but desisted at Mrs. Rogerson's Condition. Wazon tracks led from Dick's place toward the mountains. Officers are in parson to the thieves.

More Killings in Kentucky Faction Feeds

Holding a Town.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 23.—A report from Loudon, Ky., says: The French and Eversole factions fought at Hazard, Sunday, and at least one man was killed. The of the New York bar whose views the

A Courier-Journal special savs: While washing his face at the house of George It. Turner, near Harlan Court House, Alex-ander Baily was shot and instantly killed, Saturday, by unknown ambushed parties. C. B. Turner was also shot in the srm. The killing is thought to have grown out of the old Turner-Howard fend, which raged ALBANY'S CELEBRATION.

Gorgeous Precession, Represent Nationalities, the Principal Fea the Bi-Centennial Celebration at N. Y.,

ALBANY, N. Y., July 20,-As the sun rose over Albany this morning a National salute of thirty-eight guns ushered in the third day of the bi-centennial celebration. The event of the day was the Parade of all Nations The hour at which

tion. The event of the day was the Parade of all Nations The hour at which the procession was to start was nine o'clock. Long before that time the streets resounded with the strains of martial music and the tread of men marching to the rendexvous. It was an hour after the scheduled time when the head of the procession moved. The route was from South Pearl street, north on Pearl to Clinton avenue, to Perry street, to Central avenue, to Washington avenue, and thence to Eagle street, where the procession was dismissed.

Every dwelling house and business buildin along the entire line of march was profusely decorated. The sidewalks on every street were crowded with men, women and children in holiday garb. Not only was all Albany on the streets, but visitors from all the aurrounding country had come to swell the throng. Every boat and train brought fresh accessions to the multitude already within the city. The sightseers were not disappointed in their expectations, for the strong but friendly rivalry between the several nationalities represented in the procession resulted in making it a complete success.

The prucession was formed under command of Colonel M. J. Severance, Grand Marshal, with an efficient staff. In the first division was a float bearing young women representing the various provinces of Holland, and dressed in typical costumes. Following was a float representing a windmill, with millers in peasant costume at work. In this division also marched the St. Andrews and Caledonian societies, arrayed in kilts and tartans, their stalwart breasts swelling with

also marched the St. Andrews and Caledonian societies, arrayed in kilts and tartans, their stalwart breasts swelling with
the pride aroused in their hearts by the
inspiring strains of the bazpipe. In the
second division were the French Canadians of Albany, Troy and Green Island,
with a band from Plattsburgh. They bore
the banners of the Jean Baptiste Societies. On a handsomely decorated float
was a figure of St. John the Baptist, as
a child, with a live lamb beside it. In
carriages rode a number of gayly-dressed
members of the LaCrosse and Snow-Shoe
Clubs.

The Italians, who also marched in
division, were preceded by an elaborate-

Clubs.

The Italians, who also marched indivision, were preceded by an elaborately constructed float bearing a ship representing the Santa Maria, with a figure of Columbus, its commander, in all the bravery of the period in which he lived. The third division marched beneath the green flag of Ireland. It comprised the Hibernian Rife Corps, the St. Joseph and St. Marys societies, the Robert Emmet Association, Hibernians, United Iri-hman and branches of the Irish National League. One float, decorated in green and gold, bore aloft intis center a throne on which was seated a young lady representing Erin, while surrounding her were other young ladies, dressed in white and green, representing the four provinces and thirty-two countres of Ireland. Another float bore figures representing Emmett and Paruell, he former with his hands bound as a felon.

In the fourth division marched the Grant Club with fifty mounted men in red

Grant Club with fifty mounted men in red uniforms, 100 men in white uniforms and fifty in blue. At their head was borne: banner bearing the figures "206." It the fifth division were the Apollo and Cecilia Singing clubs.

EXTRADITION.

Provisions of the A. ... nded Extradition Trenty With Great Britain.

New York, July 20.—The full text of the convention recently signed in London by Minister Pheips and the Earl of Rosebery, extending and adding to the treaty bery, extending and adding to the treaty of 1842, has been made public with an explanatory letter from Minister Phelps. The convention extends the provisions of Article X. of the treaty of 1842 to four crimes not therein mentioned, as follows: Manslaughter, burglary, embezzlement or larceny involving the amount of fifty dollars or ten pounds, and malicious injuries to property whereby the lite of any person shall be endangered if such injuries constitute a crime acif such injuries constitute a crime ac-cording to the laws of both countries. It cording to the laws of both countries. It is also provided that the provisions of article X. shall apply to persons convicted of crimes named in the treaty of 1842 and the new convention, as well as to those charged before trial with the commission of them. The convention is not retroactive; no surrender is to be demanded for a political offense, and notrial is permitted for any other offense than the one for which extradition is requested until the person extradited has had opportunity to return to the State b. which he was surrendered.

which he was surre which he was surrendered.

In his letter to the Secretary of State
Mr. Phelys says it is understood between
the two governments that the convention
shall not stand in the way of a more
elaborate treaty, if one is desired, but
he expresses the opinion that a new
treaty will not be necessary.

a Stolen Ride and a Horrible Death.

DENISON, Tex., July 21.-When the south-bound passenger train on the Mis-souri Pacific railroad, due here at two o'clock yesterday morning, was at Armstrong, Indian Territory, about twentyfive miles from this place, Conductor Brown discovered the remaints of a man's body attached to the brake beam of the sleeper. Closer investigation man's body attached to the brake beam of the sleeper. Closer investigation showed that some unfortunate person, who had sought a free ride to Texas on a brake beam, had lost his halance and fallen off, while his clothing caught, holdling him so that he was literally whipped into shreds. His head was entirely gone, except one ear. His legawere also gone, except the skin. In short, with the exception of one hand and a forearm and part of the neck, there was nothing but the skin left to tell whether it was a man or an animal that had been flayed alive under the coach.

The Deed of Fiends.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 20.—Lewis Dick, a farmer of the town of Walkill,

NEW YORK, July 20 .- The New York

report says the French faction holds the Woman's Suffrage party have obtained town.

While on the claim that women are debarred by the State Constitution from voting. The fifty-two indorse Hamilton Willcox's legal work entitled "The Legislature's Power Over Suffrage," and concur with his opinion that the claim that the Cod-stitution distrauchies women has no legal foundation. Many of these opin-lous are from lawyers of prominence.